THE PEOPLE'S PRESS.

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L. V. BLUM,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS: TWO DOLLARS a year in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Longer advertisements in proportion.

[illegible]

J. L. FULKERSON'S COLUMN.

THE LARGEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST ASSORTMENT OF

NEW SPRING GOODS!

WILL BE FOUND WITH

J. L. FULKERSON,

SALEM, N. C.

BEING encouraged by the liberal patronage received during the past season, to increase my stock of Goods, I now respectfully announce to the public, and to my friends in particular, that I have received and will continue to receive throughout the season, from New York and Philadelphia, a LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK OF GOODS, ... [illegible] ... Having purchased late in the season and at greatly reduced prices, I can therefore sell you goods CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST. That it will be to your interest to make your purchases of me, you will acknowledge after examining my stock of Goods, where you will find a good assortment of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,

SUCH AS

Printed Merinos and Cashmeres, ... Delaines, plain and figured, Poplins, Gray and Mourning Dress Goods, Merinos and Alpacas, Black Dress Silk, English and American Prints, ... Flannels, ... [illegible]

HATS, CAPS & BONNETS,

[illegible]

... to mention.

I also keep an assortment of IRON AND STEEL, ... Horse-shoe Iron, as well as the common Farming Iron, BLISTER STEEL, ... STEEL,

Of Groceries

I can furnish you the best quality of Rio Coffee, Black and Green Tea, Chocolate, brown, ... and crushed Sugar, ... Pepper, Spice, Ginger, ... Cheese and Candles, POWDER, SHOT and Percussion Caps, LIVERPOOL SALT, by the sack or retail, for cash or barter. Also, a lot of fine VALENCIA RAISINS, Common as well as FRENCH CREAM CANDIES.

I also have DRUGS, MEDICINES, DYESTUFFS, PAINTS, Spts. of Turpentine, Window Glass and Putty, Indigo and Madder, of a superior quality, as well as Copperas, Alum, ... Logwood, ... Paint, Saltpetre, and ... Cod Liver Oil, Castor Oil, Epsom Salts, Rhubarb, Paregoric, Laudanum, ... Camphor, Essence of Mint, Cinnamon and Lemon, *Flavoring Extracts* and Cream Tartar.—Also Dr. Hoofland's celebrated German Bitters, ... Sarsaparilla, Wright's Indian Vegetable and Dr. Strong's Compound Sanative Pills, ... &c.

I also have the famous CONCENTRATED LYE, one pound of which will make 15 gallons of Soft Soap ... [illegible]

... also have a very superior article of
PURE COGNIAC BRANDY
AND PORT WINE,
for medicinal purposes.

Amongst my stock you will find a lot of
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,
... Tubs, Washboards, Buckets and Churns, Clothes-pins, Wood Spoons, ... Dippers, &c. Also Bed Cords and Candle Wick.

SHOE FINDINGS,
... Shoe Pegs, Lasts, common and patent ... Sole Leather, Calf Skins, ... Brush Goat Skins, and Striped Binding.

[illegible]

Bring in your Rags, they are as good as Cash. Let all the boys go at trapping; for the Fur they can get Boots, Shoes, Hats and Clothing.

In conclusion I will say, that I am thankful for the very liberal patronage thus far enjoyed, and that by fair dealing I hope to merit a continuance of the same.

J. L. FULKERSON.

Salem, N. C., May, 1866. 16-tf

A REFINED TASTE would appreciate nothing more than a present of a fine PHOTOGRAPH ALBUM, which you will find at a reasonable price at J. L. FULKERSON'S Cheap Store.

Where a fine collection of the finest *Photographs*, "by the best artists only" may also be found.—Persons wishing a choice selection for their albums will find the finest portraits of prominent men and women, ... and *Graceful Figures*, of the finest styles only.—Nothing common will be offered.

A LOT OF CHOICE SEGARS, SMOKING and Chewing Tobacco, and Scotch Snuff will also be found with

J. L. FULKERSON.

Land For Sale.

I WILL SELL my tract of land lying on the Yadkin river, containing 303 Acres, adjoining the lands of Nicholas ... Sr., and Joseph Williams.

N. L. WILLIAMS, Jr.

May ..., 1866.

JOB PRINTING

[illegible]

MILL AND LANDS

FOR SALE.

[illegible]

... the crime of treason. We give below ...

CHARGE OF JUDGE UNDERWOOD TO THE GRAND JURY.

[illegible]

... that the treasonable and ... this State and ... should ...

[illegible]

The complaints of ...

[illegible]

PEOPLE'S PRESS.

SALEM, N. C.

FRIDAY, JUNE 15, 1866.

[illegible]

papers may have been [illegible]

[illegible] has never been [illegible]

The States have complied with all the requisitions laid down in President Johnson's proclamations.—Conventions have assembled, Governors and State Legislatures, Senators and Representatives to Congress, have been chosen, and the [illegible]

[illegible]

THE FREEDMEN.—The negroes in this section of country, generally, are well behaved, and seem to know how to appreciate their condition—they being thrown upon their own resources, are disposed to labor and seek an honest living. There may be a few exceptions, but there are comparatively few who are disposed to lead an idle and dissolute life.

Until recently, we had no freedmen's bureau in our midst, and yet but little trouble was experienced. Their rather crude idea of freedom [illegible] being soon dissipated by the force of circumstances. Even their meetings for social enjoyment and religious worship are characterized with the proper feeling and decorum, as much so, at least, as while under the restraints of their normal condition—a little prone to rather noisy demonstrations, it is true, for which, however, due allowance should be made. Should this class of our population continue in well doing, honestly and faithfully acting their part, they will receive that respect and encouragement to which they are entitled.

For many years, the colored population of this vicinity have received regular religious instruction, and since their emancipation a more extended course of instruction has been instituted, a number of colored persons acting as assistant teachers. Those connected with [illegible] worship, a neat, comfortable and [illegible] brick building, [illegible] expressly for the [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] freedmen's bureau, go [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] yield will be a full average crop.

New Advertisements.

[illegible] Fresh Mill.

E. A. Vogler.—[illegible] Threshing Machines [illegible] Administrator's and Executor's notice.

[illegible]

A dollar here, a dollar there, [illegible] —How shall they be gathered together? [illegible] follows: "Dollars, halves, quarters, dimes, and all manner of fractions into which your dues are [illegible] collect yourselves and come home!—we want you all!—Collect yourselves, for, [illegible] you are in the aggregate, singly you will not pay the cost of gathering."

Reader, are you sure you haven't a couple of the printer's dollars sticking about your clothes?

The weather has been very warm and dry during the week.

It will be seen, by reference to our first page, that the U. S. Court which recently convened in Richmond for the trial of Jeff. Davis, has adjourned to October, without coming a trial.

The Supreme Court is [illegible] in session in Raleigh.

Our thanks to our friend and "brother chip," Mr. [illegible] formerly connected with this Office, for an invitation to be present at his nuptials, on Wednesday last, at Wilmington, N. C. We wish him and his fair companion a long and happy journey through life.

See Ordinance of Convention in regard to County taxation.

Owing to the want of mail facilities, and other causes, the publication of the Daily Old North State has been suspended for the present. It will hereafter be published tri-weekly and weekly.

Jacob Blackwelder, of Cabarrus county, was tried in Salisbury last week, on the charge of murdering his wife, and found guilty. An appeal has been taken to the Supreme Court. We published the circumstances at the time the deed was committed. It will be recollected that the act was committed during a fit of jealousy.

CATTLE DISEASE IN IREDELL.—Many milch cows and other cattle have died in this place and vicinity, recently, of a disease hitherto unknown. [illegible] has been known to recover. We have lost two cows of the disease within a few days. How far it extends we do not know. The animal first has an enlargement of the stomach, as if much swollen, then perhaps [illegible] followed with loss of appetite, foaming at the mouth, and an inclination to pitch at and fight every passing object—symptoms much like hydrophobia.—Statesville [illegible]

SLEEPING CARS.—Sleeping cars have recently become an institution on the Central North Carolina Railroad. Mr. Wilkes, the excellent engineer and superintendent of that road, merits much credit for the energy he has displayed in perfecting this arrangement so much needed by the traveling public.—Salisbury Banner.

[illegible] North Carolina Guardian and the Weekly Catawba Watchman have removed their offices to Columbia, S. C., and will henceforth appear under the new title of "The Carolinian [illegible]" The patrons of those papers will take due notice thereof, and govern themselves accordingly.

ANOTHER MILITARY COMMISSION.—[illegible] to convene a military commission at Raleigh on the [illegible] inst., for trial of the officers of the freedmen's bureau, who were arrested at the instance of Gens. Steedman and Fullerton [illegible] Gen. [illegible]

Gen. Turner in the [illegible]

WASHINGTON, June [illegible].—Senator [illegible] to whom was referred the bankrupt bill, which recently passed the house, will, probably, make a favorable report to the judiciary committee next week [illegible] its passage this session, as it will lead to more [illegible]

Fighting, says the Express, seems to be the business that is liveliest the world over just at present. Let us see: Here are the Belgians fighting the Kannucks, [illegible]

[illegible]

County Court Taxation.

The following ordinance was passed by the [illegible]

AN ORDINANCE in relation to taxation by the County Courts.

Whereas, conflicting opinions are entertained in regard to the power and duty of the Courts of Pleas and Quarter Sessions in levying taxes for county purposes, and,

Whereas, taxes have been imposed in various counties on different constructions of the law;

Now, therefore, to settle all difficulties in regard to said powers and duties,

SEC. I. Be it ordained by the delegates of the people in Convention assembled, as follows: That the courts of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of the several counties of this State, (a majority of the justices being present) shall have power during the present year to levy taxes on such subjects and persons within their counties as are now taxed for State purposes, and all levies by said Courts heretofore made [illegible] made valid and confirmed.

SEC. II. All such Courts, whether they have heretofore levied or not, at a general or special term, may [illegible] such changes, discriminations and exemptions in the levies made by them, as they may deem advisable.

SEC. III. The powers of the County Courts shall only [illegible] subjects on which the taxes are payable by the sheriffs into the public treasury.

SEC. IV. The powers, regulations and penalties authorized and prescribed to enforce the payment of [illegible] shall be extended to include county taxes, and the sheriff and other officers [illegible] liabilities for [illegible]

SEC. V. Whenever the justices of the courts of pleas and quarter sessions of any county have failed to levy taxes for the support of their [illegible] ratified 10th day of March 1866, entitled, "An act to [illegible] lum," the courts of said Counties (seven justices being present) may at a special or regular term levy such taxes.

SEC. VI. This ordinance shall take effect from its ratification.

Ratified 18th day of June A. D. 1866.

[illegible] of Fenianism.

NEW YORK, June 10.—A St. Albans special dispatch announces the termination of the Fenian invasion. The right wing of the army retreated [illegible] and the men were preparing to go home. The whole force is completely demoralized; soldiers and men refuse to do duty, and desertions are of a wholesale character. After the council of war, General Spear reluctantly ordered the forces to abandon the soil of Canada. No arms or reinforcements reached them. Spear said that he had [illegible] way.

The United States is furnishing transportation to the Fenians, who gladly accept the opportunity to abandon the enterprise.

Gen. Meade made a speech to the United States soldiers, in which he said that the settlement of this trouble would prove satisfactory to our own and other governments, as tending to show that the United States, notwithstanding the [illegible] would do as it [illegible] [illegible]

Gen. Spear and staff [illegible]

EXECUTION OF PROBST.

PHILADELPHIA, June 8.—Probst died three minutes after the drop fell. He wrote a letter to his parents, in which, after mentioning [illegible] he says: "Many prayers are offered up for me throughout the city, and therefore, I am cheerful and consoled so that I can gladly offer my life [illegible] crime. I trust that you also will be as consoled and cheerful as I am. The clergyman will send you all the particulars of my death. I only entreat you all to pray for me. Have [illegible]

THREE HUNDRED PERSONS POISONED.—Over [illegible] hundred persons have been poisoned, of whom a number have died, in Orange county, [illegible] using flour and meal containing lead. [illegible] mill stones, [illegible] the mill. In this form [illegible] but when [illegible] baked in bread it was [illegible]

About 1,000 of the [illegible] repairing the graves of the Confederate soldiers buried in Hollywood Cemetery. The Whig says the work was well and nobly done; [illegible] every Confederate [illegible]

STATE CONVENTION.

[From the [illegible] Sentinel.]

TUESDAY, June [illegible] 1866.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Mr. Caldwell, of Burke, from the committee on [illegible] reported [illegible] ordinance [illegible]

Mr. Wilson, from the committee on the [illegible] Law, reported an ordinance to amend said law. After some discussion the ordinance was again re-committed.

Mr. Mebane, from a select committee, reported an ordinance in relation to county debts incurred in aid of the rebellion, recommending its passage.

Mr. Logan, from a select committee, reported back the ordinance to authorize the Fayetteville and Florence Rail Road Company to establish a National Bank in the town of Fayetteville, recommending its passage.

Mr. McIver introduced the following:

Resolved, That the Hons. [illegible] Moore, Bedford Brown, Lewis Thompson, Nathaniel Boyden and Alfred Dockery, be appointed to wait upon the President of the United States and inform him that the Convention of the people of North Carolina, [illegible] under his authority, is about to close the labors for which it was convened, and to give to him the highest assurances of the confidence of the people of this State, of their gratitude for his magnanimity, and of their determination to look to the Union of the States, under the Constitution, as the only hope of safety and freedom; and that they confer with him as to any further action by this Convention.

Mr. Buxton moved a suspension of the rules and urged the passage of the resolution.

Mr. N. A. McLean addressed the Convention; he was one of the committee on Mr. McDonald's resolutions. He objected to those resolutions in the original form, and found himself unable to endorse the report of the present committee. [illegible] policy of President Johnson, who had shown himself a [illegible] man and a patriot, and as earnestly desiring North Carolina to be restored to her relations with the general government as any one on the floor, yet might we not by the course now proposed, *embarrass* and not *sustain* the President? [illegible] have not done? Our late session had repealed the ordinance of secession, had emancipated the slaves, repudiated the war debt, &c. In addition to this, resolutions of our loyalty were adopted and forwarded to Washington city.—Our late Legislature attempted to remove even the *appearance* of disloyalty, and assurances of our feeling in this respect were forwarded to Washington.

He had great respect for the Commissioners proposed, if they be sent,—he certainly had no sort of objection to the gentlemen proposed.—Yet, he [illegible] the policy of sending a delegation to Washington. The President already *knows* our wishes and our [illegible]. With whom would the Commissioners confer? With the President, or with Congress? He hoped at this late [illegible] of the [illegible], a policy of such doubtful import would be well considered [illegible] with the present lights before him, he could not vote for the resolution.

Mr. McDonald, of Moore, said that the resolutions he had introduced, had been revised by a [illegible] yesterday, to secure their consideration; but the [illegible] would accomplish his object. The Commission proposed met his entire approval. He proceeded to urge immediate favorable action in the premises. If this is refused, he had discharged his duty.

Mr. Winston opposed the suspension of the rules and moved that the resolution be printed.

The question recurring, the rules were suspended. Yeas 60, Nays 30.

The question being on the passage of the resolution, on motion of Mr. Bingham, it was ordered to be printed, and made the special order for the hour of [illegible] o'clock P. M.

Mr. Dick moved to take up for present consideration the resolutions reported by a select committee, as a substitute for the resolutions of Mr. McDonald, of Moore, to send Commissioners to Washington.

The question being on suspending the rules, Mr. Dick said that it was necessary to send a Commission to Washington. We could no longer occupy our present position. All [illegible] useless until the State was restored to the General Government. Unless this question is decided, all this work would have to be done over again. The radical majority in Congress is sustained by the masses of the Northern people, and in this controversy between the Congress and the President, we should do [illegible] to strengthen the President's hands.

Mr. D. thought we had little to hope from the Fall elections at the North, for even were [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] could it be supposed, for a moment, that any [illegible] change of Congress [illegible] sustained by [illegible] veto [illegible] restoration of the [illegible]

Mr. Dick replied briefly, moving in conclusion, that the resolutions under consideration, together with those introduced by Mr. McIver, this morning, be made the special order for [illegible] o'clock to-morrow.

Mr. Moore, of Wake, moved to amend, by making the amended Constitution a special order daily, from eleven o'clock A. M., to 2 o'clock P. M., until disposed of. This amendment was adopted.

FRIDAY, June 8, 1866.

Mr. Mebane introduced a resolution that the Convention adjourn *sine die* on Tuesday the 12th inst. Lies over one day.

Mr. Patterson, an ordinance to provide a mode by which the just debts of the State may be ascertained.

Mr. Grissom, an ordinance to change the jurisdiction of the Courts and the rules of pleading therein.

Mr. Caldwell of Burke, from a select committee, submitted a minority report, recommending the passage of the ordinance prohibiting the General Assembly from conferring offices upon its members.

Mr. Grissom, from a select committee, reported back the ordinance authorising the exchange of registered bonds of the State for certain coupons, recommending its passage.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS.

The Convention resumed consideration of the ordinance to repeal section 11 of an act concerning negroes and persons of color, or of mixed blood, and the amendments thereto.

After further discussion and amendments the ordinance passed its 2nd and 3d readings.

At 11 o'clock, pursuant to order, the Convention proceeded to a further consideration of the amended Constitution.

Mr. Adams moved to amend sec. 4 of Article IV, by limiting the term of office of Judges of the Supreme and Superior Courts to eight years.

Mr. Logan moved to amend the amendment by fixing their term of office to five years and further providing that no Judge of the Supreme Court shall continue in office after he shall have attained the age of seventy-five years, and no Judge of the Superior Courts shall remain on the bench after he shall have reached the age of seventy years. Not agreed to.

The question recurring on Mr. Adam's amendment it also was rejected.

Mr. Lowe moved to amend the section to limit the term of Supreme Court Judges to good behavior, and Judges of the Superior Courts [illegible] years. Rejected.

Mr. McKoy, of Sampson, proposed to amend by rendering all Judges ineligible to other offices in the gift of the State, during their term of office and for two years thereafter.

Mr. Conigland moved to amend this amendment by striking out the words "and for two years thereafter." Rejected.

Mr. McKoy, of Sampson, moved to amend his amendment, by inserting the words "except to the office of Judge of the Supreme Court." [Making Judges of the Superior Courts eligible to the Supreme Court bench, but to no other office.] Adopted.

The question recurring, Mr. Thompson moved to amend the amendment by excluding from its scope official positions under the United States Government—restricting the ineligibility of the Judges, to officers under the State Constitution.

Mr. McKoy expressed a willingness to accept this modification of his amendment.

The question recurring on the amendment as amended, it was rejected, 50 to [illegible]

Mr. Dick moved to amend sec. 3, by providing that the Judges of the Superior Courts shall be elected by the people for a term of eight years.

On motion of Mr. Pearsall the yeas and nays were ordered.

Mr. Winston moved a postponement of the question until ten o'clock, to-morrow, which was not agreed to.

The amendment was then rejected, 58 to 35.

Mr. McIver moved an amendment to section 7, by adopting the report of the committee on magistrates. [illegible]

[illegible]

Mr. Moore was in favor of the election of magistrates by the people and preferred the report of the minority of the Committee on Magistrates, limiting the number to three in each Captain's District.

The amendment to the amendment was withdrawn by Mr. Ellis.

SATURDAY, June 9, 1866.

Mr. Logan, from the committee on currency, reported an ordinance to provide a circulating medium for the people.

On motion of Mr. [illegible] the Convention [illegible] an [illegible] bonds [illegible]

Mr. [illegible] urging the passage [illegible]

Mr. [illegible] postponement [illegible]

On motion of Mr. [illegible] of Wake, the ordinance was referred to the committee on finance.

On motion of Mr. Grissom, an ordinance to amend an act to change the jurisdiction of the courts and the rules of pleading therein, was taken up.

Mr. McLaughlin offered an amendment to repeal the "[illegible] Head" [illegible]

Thereupon, on motion of Mr. Winston, the further consideration of the ordinance was postponed until 10 o'clock on Monday next.

ON CALENDAR.—An ordinance to amend the act of the General Assembly entitled Revenue passed third reading.

SPECIAL ORDER.—The Convention resumed consideration of the amended Constitution.

The question pending on the amendment offered by Mr. McIver to article IV, it was withdrawn.

Mr. McIver then moved to amend by adding the report of the majority of the committee on magistrates. (Limits the number of magistrates to two for each Captain's district, with the exception of the district containing the Court House, which shall have four.)

Mr. Ellis moved, as an amendment to the amendment, the minority report of the committee on magistrates. (Proposes that magistrates shall be elected every four years by the people.)

Messrs. Moore, of Wake, Boyden and Conigland opposed the amendment, which was supported by Messrs. Dick, Caldwell, of Guilford, and others.

The discussion of these amendments was protracted, without action, until half past one o'clock, at which time President Reade tendered his resignation of the position of presiding officer of the Convention, in view of the approaching session of the Supreme Court.

Mr. Winston introduced the following resolution: (Mr. Caldwell, of Burke, in the Chair.)

Resolved, That it is the sense of this Convention that the presiding officer continue to hold his position until the deliberations of the Convention be brought to a conclusion, and that he designate from time to time, the member or members who shall occupy the chair during his absence.

This resolution was adopted almost unanimously, Mr. Ferebee *only* voting in the negative.

Mr. Reade, resuming the chair, said that he "yielded implicitly to what seemed to be the general wish of the Convention."

The Convention resumed the unfinished business. After further discussion the amendment to the amendment was adopted, being the minority report, giving the election of magistrates to the people. The vote is 56 to 41.

MONDAY, June 11th, 1866.

Sundry reports were made from standing and select committees, which will be noticed in detail hereafter.

Mr. Dick introduced an ordinance to increase the salary of the Adjutant General to $800 *per annum*. (For the present year only.)

Mr. Dick moved a suspension of the rules, that this ordinance might be put on its passage. Not agreed to.

Mr. Dockery an ordinance to appoint a State Agent at Washington city. (Proposes the appointment of Dr. R. J. Powell as such agent.)

On motion of Mr. Brooks, an ordinance in relation to widows who have qualified as Executrix of the last will and testaments of their husbands, was taken up for consideration.

The ordinance passed its second and third readings.

Mr. Dockery, from the committee on finance, reported an ordinance in relation to taxes levied by county courts, which passed its several readings under a suspension of the rules.

SPECIAL ORDER.—The Convention proceeded to consider the amended Constitution.

Mr. Logan offered an amendment to article II of the Constitution, being a substitute for the 2d section, dividing the State into Senatorial Districts upon the white basis.

It was made the special order for 10 o'clock A. M., on Wednesday next.

Mr. Grissom then introduced the following resolution:

Resolved, That the [illegible] of this Convention, are a mark of respect [illegible] for the General [illegible] his [illegible] by a long course of public service, and by his devotion [illegible] the Government of the United States, that the Convention do now adjourn [illegible]

[illegible]

New Advertisements.

THRESHING MACHINES AND HORSE POWERS.

I HAVE [illegible] HORSE POWERS and THRESHING MACHINES [illegible] to this section of the country. Any one wishing to procure [illegible] further information by applying to me.

E. A. VOGLER.

Salem, N. C., June 15, 1866.

Administrator's Notice.

HAVING at the last term of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions [illegible] county, qualified as Administrator [illegible] of [illegible], dec'd., I hereby give notice to all creditors of said estate [illegible] their claims duly authenticated within the time [illegible] All persons indebted to the estate will please make [illegible]

E. A. VOGLER, [illegible] with the will annexed.

Salem, N. C., June 15, 1866.

Executor's Notice.

I WOULD [illegible] owing the estate of [illegible] dec'd, to make payment as soon as they possibly can. I believe that if the debtors were aware that his family is entirely dependent upon the proceeds, they would exert themselves more to make payment. Any one having claims against the estate not yet presented, will please do so without further delay.

E. A. VOGLER, Executor.

Salem, N. C., June 15, 1866.

[illegible]

Can be had of F. W. LINEBACK.

Valuable Plantation FOR SALE.

THE subscriber, desirous of removing West, offers for sale his valuable tract of land with improvements, containing [illegible] ACRES, situated in Davidson County, on the waters of Brushy Fork, three quarters of a mile from [illegible] MALE AND FEMALE ACADEMY, 12 or 14 acres of which is good [illegible] and 60 or 70 acres woodland.

The soil is well adapted to the growth of all kinds of grain.

The improvements consist of a good two-story brick Dwelling, with a commodious [illegible] large Stable, Barn, Blacksmith Shop, good wells of water, with pumps and all necessary outhouses. There is also a thrifty young Orchard of good varieties of fruit on the premises.

This valuable property being near a good school, is a desirable location for a family wishing to educate children.

JOHN D. BODENHAMER.

Davidson County, N. C., June 8, 1866.

NEW SPRING GOODS!

AT BOYER & CHRIST'S OLD STAND.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

[illegible]

WOULD announce to the citizens of Salem and the surrounding country, that they have on hand [illegible] from the principal Northern markets, a fine assortment of SPRING GOODS, consisting in part of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

LADIES' AND GENT'S HATS,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

GROCERIES, HARDWARE, &c.

We [illegible] by any living Person.

[illegible]

WM. H. SMITH & CO.

SPRING GOODS.

[illegible]

TAKE PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING TO their friends and the public generally, that they are now receiving from the Northern Cities a large and well selected stock of

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS,

which they bought for Cash, after the Great Fall in DRY GOODS.

They are therefore prepared to sell many goods at about half what the same goods have been sel-[illegible]

[illegible]

STAPLE, FANCY, FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS

[illegible]

Ladies' Dress [illegible]

OF EVERY VARIETY.

[illegible] OF ALL KINDS.

BOOTS, SHOES, [illegible]

[illegible] Medicines, [illegible]

To all of which they would call particular attention.

They are thankful for the very liberal patronage [illegible]

[illegible]

Administrator's Notice.

Salem, April 10th, 1866.

Salem Cemetery Company.

grounds are in bad condition, and as it is absolutely necessary to repair the same, the President and Manager are hereby directed to collect all amounts due the Company for lots and graves

NEW SPRING GOODS

Jeweler Shop Re-opened

I have re-opened my shop, where Clocks, Watches and Jewelry will again be repaired with fidelity and despatch, by a competent workman.

E. A. VOGLER.

Salem, N. C., March 10th, 1866.

GROCERY STORE AT F. FRIES' OLD STAND,

SALEM, N. C.

BACON,	LARD,	BUTTER,
CHEESE,	FISH,	CANDIES,
NUTS,	RAISINS,	ORANGES,
SPICES,	DOMESTICS,	TINWARE,
LEATHER,	SALT,	TOBACCO,
COTTON YARN,	CROCKERY WARE,	

SUGAR, COFFEE, &c. &c.

Just received and receiving by

J. P. VEST.

Will buy Flour, Wheat, Corn, Butter, Bacon, &c. &c.

Salem, N. C., March 31st, 1866. 33-3m.

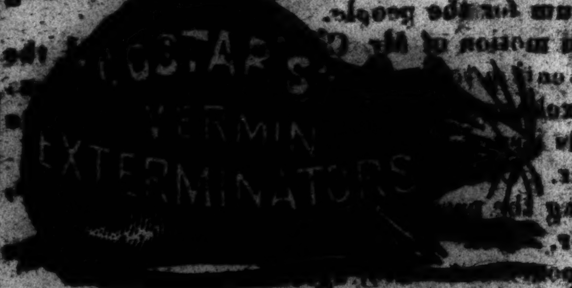
WATCHES, CLOCKS & JEWELRY REPAIRED AND WARRANTED.

Horses For Sale.

May 12th, 1866.

which you will find with

J. L. FULKERSON.



Costar's Red-Bug Exterminator.

!!! BEWARE !!!

Sold by all Druggists and Retailers.

1866.

1866.

1866.

and every one that eats it will die, generally at some place as distant as possible from where it was taken.—Lake Shore (Mich.) Mirror.

See "COSTAR'S" Advertisement above.

1866.

Provisions, &c., are annually destroyed by Rats, Mice, Ants and other insects and vermin—all of which can be prevented by a few dollars' worth of "COSTAR'S" Rat, Roach, Ant, &c., Exterminator, bought and used freely.

See "COSTAR'S" Advertisement above.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

Salem Drug Store.

HAVING removed my Drug Store to the POST OFFICE BUILDING, I would again respectfully call the attention of the public to my stock of pure and unadulterated

DRUGS, MEDICINES AND DYE-STUFFS.

Soda,	Epsom Salts,	Castor Oil,
Ess. Pepperm't,	Ess. Lemon,	Ess. Cinamon,
Copperas,	Ext. Logwood,	Indigo,
Madder,	Venetian Red,	Spanish Brown
Essence of Coffee,	&c.	&c.

ALSO

Shoe Blacking and Brushes, Paint-Brushes, Hair Brushes, Combs, pocket, dressing tuck, &c. Lead Pencils, Slate Pencils, Pens & Pen Holders, Toilet Soaps, Lilly White and Perfumery of various kinds, which will be sold at such prices as the times will justify. Any article not on hand can be procured at short notice.

A. T. ZEVELY.

Feb. 3, 1866. 25-tf

A SOUTHSIDE HISTORICAL WAR NOVEL.

Third Edition, just ready.

SURRY OF EAGLE'S NEST.

Bank Notes and Specie Bought.

BANK NOTES, GOLD

E. A. VOGLER.

Salem, N. C.

Rev. L. THEO. PFOHL.

Salem, April, 1866.

NEW GOODS!

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS! JUST RECEIVED!

E. A. VOGLER, SALEM, N. C.,

Has the pleasure once again to inform his friends and the public

a good and full stock of NEW GOODS, and which

CALL, SEE AND JUDGE FOR YOURSELVES.

I have ON HAND, and will keep up a GOOD ASSORTMENT of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

Calicoes, DeLaines, Merinoes, Plaids, Poplins, Sheetings, Cotton Yarns, Flannels, Shawls, Hosiery, Worsted Caps, Scarfs, Merino Shirts and Drawers, Balmoral and Hoop Skirts, Corsets, Gloves, Umbrellas, Canes, &c., &c.

A BIG STOCK OF NOTIONS,

Such as Combs, Brushes, Buttons, Pins, Needles, Tape, Thread, Collars, Neckties, Head Nets, Pens, Pencils, Soaps, Perfumery, Suspenders, &c. &c.

A LOT OF READY-MADE CLOTHING.

HATS, CAPS, AND BONNETS.

Also together a good assortment of Men's and Boys' common Wool Hats,

Hats, of all sizes and colors,

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Both coarse and fine—from the coarsest Brogan to the finest

CROCKERY WARE,

A large lot of Plates, Dinner, Soup and Breakfast Dishes, Bowls, Pitchers, Mugs,

GROCERIES.

Drugs, Paints, Dye-Stuffs and Medicines.

Extract of Logwood, &c.

FORD'S PHOSPHATE OF FERTILIZER.

essential to the production of Grain, &c., and improvement of the land, and is confidently recommended as being large enough to be tried side by side with any other fertilizer, even Peruvian Guano,

CLOCKS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, SPECTACLES, WATCH CHAINS, KEYS, &c.

My Jewelry Store now being open at the present time,

notice.

BARTER.

I will barter for any and everything produced in the Country that I can at all use or dispose of elsewhere. Will take all kinds of Grain, Flax Seed, Bees Wax, Rags, Dried Fruit, Chestnuts, &c. Any one having either of the beforenamed articles to dispose of, if they will consult their own interest, and sell where they can get the highest market price, or trade where they will be sure to go away satisfied, will call on me, for I WILL PAY CASH as well as GOODS, and will give as high prices, as any one in this section can possibly afford. Finally, I would say, give me a call, and I know you will trade. I have not gone into business here only from few days, but live with you,—here I have been raised, and you all know me—I am encouraged to believe that I have established among you a character for honesty and fair dealing, and I intend, by honorable and close attention to business, to merit a continuance of the very liberal patronage so far rendered.—Thankful for past favors, I ask you to place me under renewed obligations for still further favors.—Call and see me.

E. A. VOGLER.

Salem, N. C., October, 1865.

GET THE BEST.

Inventors, Mechanics and Manufacturers.

1866! 1866! 1866!

The Best paper in the United States for Mechanics, Inventors and Machinists, is the

Scientific American.

It is the largest in size, and has by far the widest circulation of any other paper of its class in the country. It is published weekly. Each number contains sixteen pages, with numerous illustrations.

The numbers for the year make two volumes, 416 pages each.

MUNN & CO.,

A NEW ILLUSTRATED PAPER.

The undersigned have the pleasure of announcing that on the 4th of June they will issue the first number of a New Illustrated Journal to be called

"THE MIRROR OF THE TIMES."

Though there are already a large number of Periodical Publications of the kind, we propose to issue, and there is abundant room for the establishment of another, still we intend to fill a vacancy in this connection which has long been felt, to the injury of many meritorious objects.

W. S. SANDFORD & CO., Publishers.